

See from U.S. Geological Survey McGrath B-1, 1958; B-2, 1958; B-3, 1958; McGrath C-1, 1958; C-2, 1958; C-3, 1958; Quadrangles, Alaska.



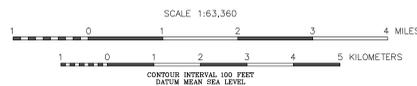
DESCRIPTIVE NOTES

The geophysical data were acquired with a DICHEM Electromagnetic (EM) system, a Fugro D1344 magnetometer with a Sinterex CS3 cesium sensor, and a Radiation Solutions RS-500 gamma-ray spectrometer. Some flights acquired the radiometric data with an Exploranium GR-820 spectrometer. The EM and magnetic sensors were flown at a height of 100 feet. The gamma-ray spectrometers were flown at a height of 200 feet. In addition the survey recorded data from radar and laser altimeters, GPS navigation system, 50/60 Hz monitors and video camera. Flights were performed with an AS-350-B3 Squirrel helicopter at a mean terrain clearance of 200 feet along NW-SE (120°) survey flight lines with a spacing of a quarter of a mile. The lines were flown perpendicular to the flight lines at intervals of approximately 3 miles.

A Novatel OEM5-G2L Global Positioning System was used for navigation. The helicopter position was derived every 0.5 seconds using post-flight differential positioning to a relative accuracy of better than 5 m. Flight path positions were projected onto the Clarke 1866 (UTM zone 5) spheroid, 1927 North American datum using a central meridian (CM) of 153°, a north constant of 0 and an east constant of 500,000. Positional accuracy of the presented data is better than 10 m with respect to the UTM grid.

MAGNETIC TILT DERIVATIVE

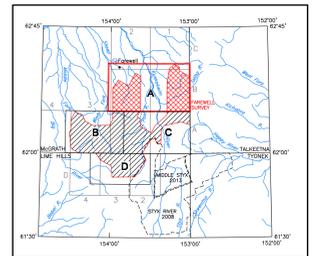
The tilt derivative is the angle between the horizontal gradient & the total gradient, which is useful for identifying the depth & type of source. The tilt angle is positive over the source, crosses through zero at, or near, the edge of a vertical sided source, and is negative outside the source region. It has the added advantage of responding equally well to shallow and deep sources and is able to resolve deeper sources that may be masked by larger responses from shallower sources.



MAGNETIC TILT DERIVATIVE WITH TOPOGRAPHY AND DATA CONTOURS, FAREWELL SURVEY AREA, SOUTH-CENTRAL ALASKA
PARTS OF MCGRATH AND LIME HILLS QUADRANGLES

by
Laurel E. Burns, CCG, and Fugro GeoServices, Inc.
2014

LOCATION INDEX OF 1:63,360-SCALE MAPS



SURVEY HISTORY

This map has been compiled and drawn under contract between the State of Alaska, Department of Natural Resources, Division of Geological & Geophysical Surveys (DGGS), and Fugro GeoServices, Inc. Airborne geophysical data for the area were acquired and processed by CCG in 2012, 2013, and 2014. Previously flown DGGS surveys adjacent to the current survey are shown in the location map by dashed lines, survey name, and date of publication. The project was funded by the Alaska State Legislature as part of the Alaska Strategic and Critical Minerals Assessment project, which is part of the Alaska Airborne Geophysical and Geological Mineral Inventory Program. Cook Inlet Region, Inc. (CIRI) contributed funding for a portion of the area. All data and maps produced to date from this survey are available in digital format on DVD for a nominal fee through DGGS, 3354 College Road, Fairbanks, Alaska, 99709-3707, and are downloadable for free from the DGGS website (www.dggs.alaska.gov/pubs). Maps are also available on paper through the DGGS office, and are viewable online at the website in Adobe Acrobat .PDF file format.

MAGNETIC TILT DERIVATIVE CONTOURS

